# Information Technologies in Support to Counterterrorism in Culturally and Linguistically Diverse Communities

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## 21st Century "Terrorism" Phenomenon



9/11/2001 New York



10/23/2002 Moscow, Nord Ost



3/11/2004 Madrid



7/7/2005 London



1/25/2011 Domodedovo, Moscow



4/11/2011 Minsk



5/2/2011 Abbottabad, Pakistan



What's next...

## New Security Environment Challenges





- ☐ Globalization;
- ☐ Information Technologies;
- ☐ Terrorism;
- □ Nuclear Weapons & WMD Proliferation;
- □ Key Environmental & Resource Constraints;

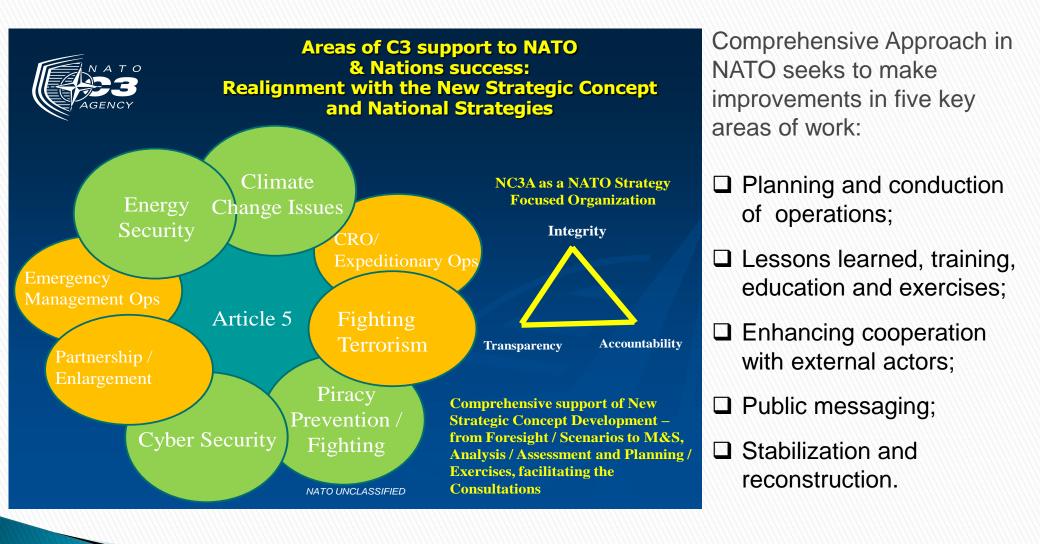
## **CALD Communities Challenges**



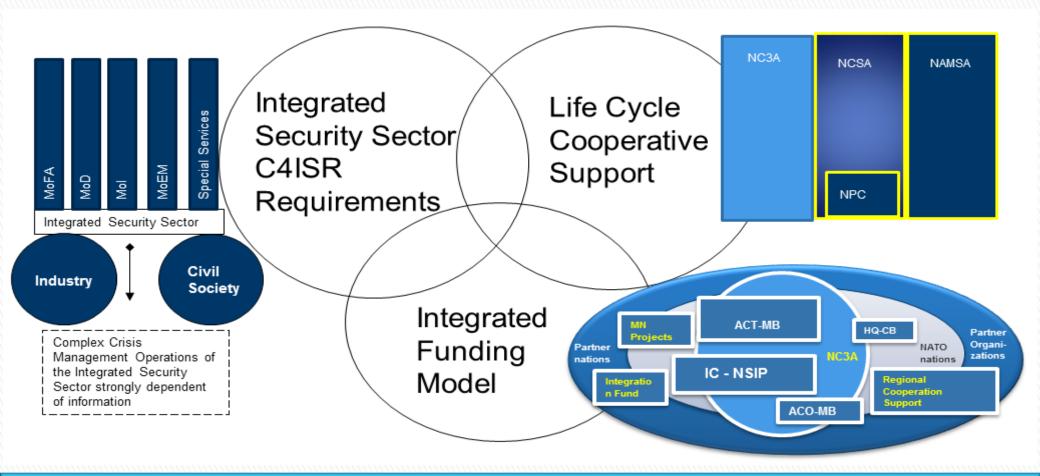
- Language Barriers
- Cultural Differences
- Globalization
- Societal Synergy
- Information Technologies

Target: Achieving society resilience against terrorism

## The Comprehensive Approach



## Comprehensive C4ISR Approach Definition

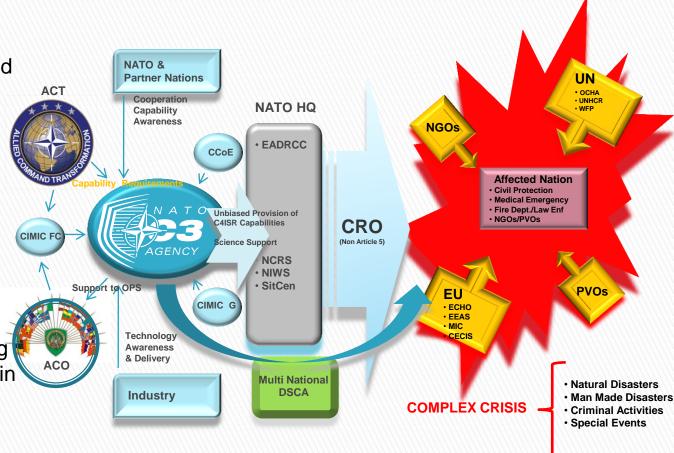


The Umbrella MoU between Nation and NC3A is used to address Scope, Governance, Financing and other issues as a base for implementing projects through simple Technical Agreements, referring to the MoU. Cooperation agreements with Public research & Training Institutions are used to involve deeper Nations. And similar approach is envisioned with Industry Associations. MoUs with other agencies are providing integrated support to the C4ISR systems life cycle.

## MN DSCA Initiative: Support to the Comprehensive Approach

NC3A as in previous cases could be bottom up and NATO to Nations and Organizations facilitator to achieve interoperability through support to capabilities development process.

Matching the operational scenario with required interoperability solutions and later supporting them by existing and jointly developed expertise in NC3A is the goal of MN DSCA / CMI effort.





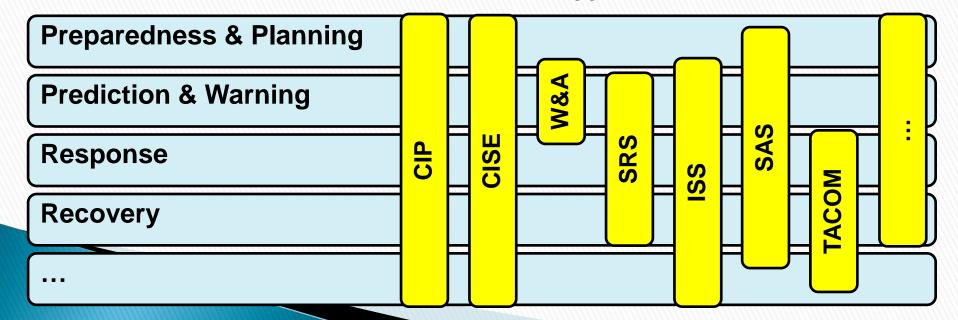
## Interoperability Focus Areas for DSCA

Interoperability Enablers



IFA1	Community of Interest Info Protection (CIP)
IFA2	Collaboration & Info Sharing Environment (CISE)
IFA3	Warning & Alerting Services (W&A)
IFA4	Support Request Services (SRS)
IFA5	Info Sharing Services (ISS)
IFA6	Sit. Awareness & Common Oper. Picture (SAS)
IFA7	Tactical Communication (TACOM)
IFAx	

Applicable to



## Role of NC3A in Cooperation with CoE C-IED & NAMSA



#### NORTH ATLANTIC COUNCIL

CONFERENCE OF NATIONAL ARMAMENTS DIRECTORS

DEFENCE AGAINST TERORISM PROGRAMME OF WORK

COUNTER-IED TASK FORCE

COUNTER-IED ROADMAP - CLEARING HOUSE

#### COE-CIED (doctrine and training)

- Co-operate to increase security
- 2. Support the transformation
- Drive the development of capabilities via support to:
- education, training and multinational exercises.
- improving interoperability.
- development of concepts, doctrine, procedures and standards.
- testing and validating concepts and materials.
- contributing to the process of lessons learned.

#### NC3A (technology solutions)

- 1. Clearing House Support
- Multinational C-IED Programme Office Packages:
- Jammers
- Rem ote Controlled Vehicles
- · Entry Control Point Suite
- Persistent Surveillance
- Biometrics
- Research and Development support, Transning support



#### NAMSA (logistics)

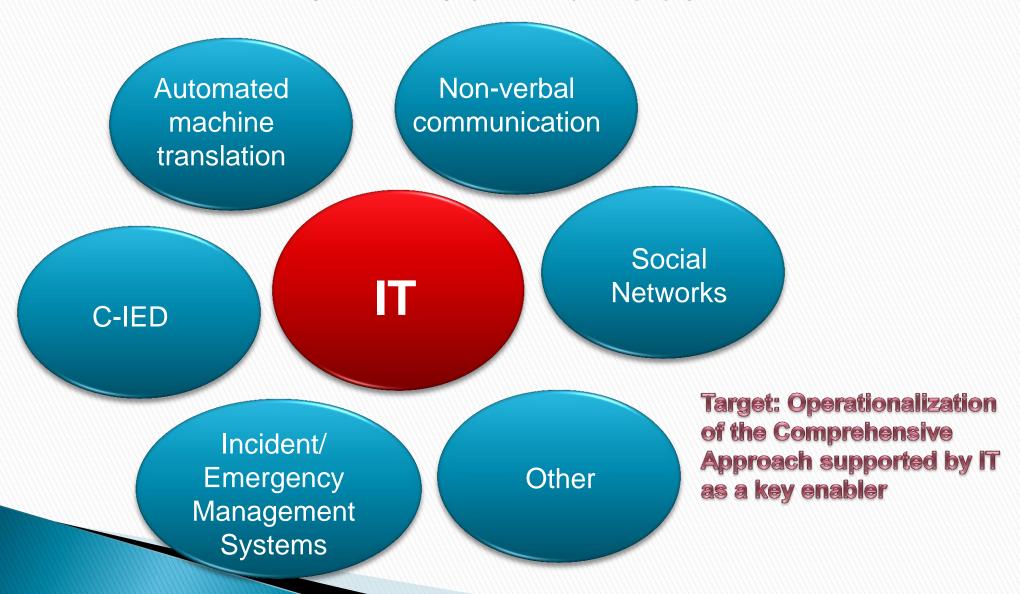
- 1. Logistics partnership & support,
- 2. Urgent requirements & operations support in the field of logistics
- Consolidation of the requirements and centralization of logistics activities



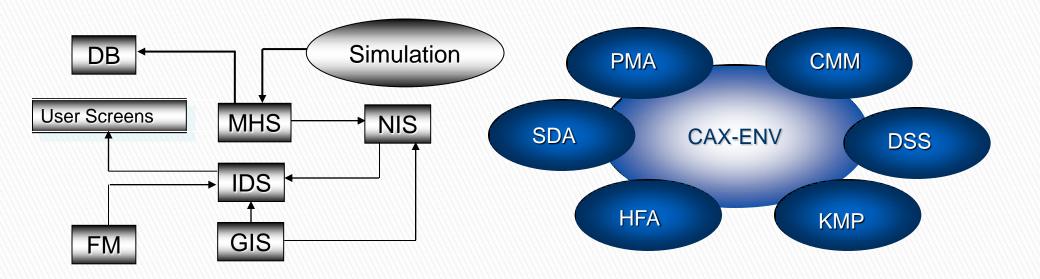
NATO-EU CAPABILITY GROUP

EUROPEAN UNION/EUROPEAN DEFENCE AGENCY

## Role of IT in Support to Counterterrorism in CALD Communities



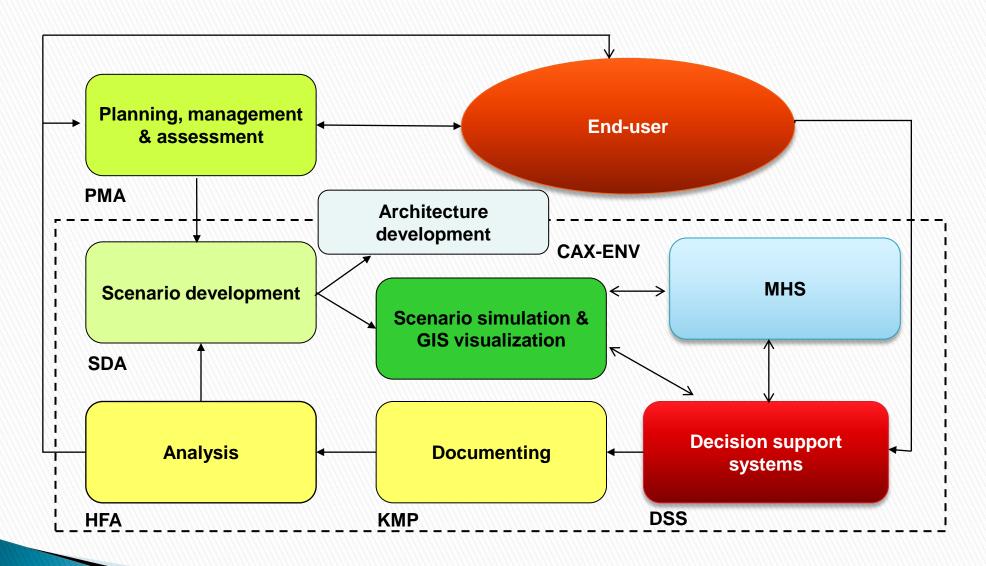
## Some National & International Examples



CAX - ENVironment

Basic low-cost Environment for Simulation & Training - BEST

### **BEST Architecture**



## **EU Network of Excellence on Cyber Security**



### **Multinational Exercises**



**EU TACOM SEE 2006** 

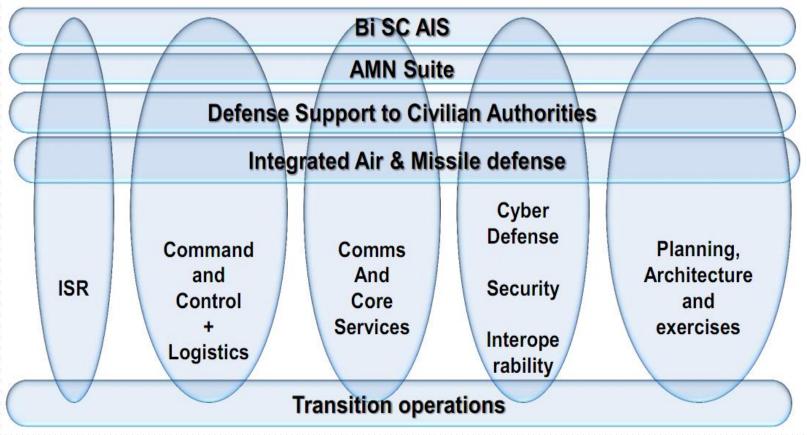


PHOENIX 2010

Target: Establishing a NATO CoE DSCA in Bulgaria



## IT Governance in Support to Counterterrorism Operations

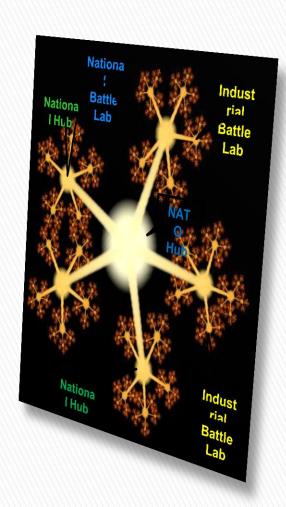


Target: Integrated 'smart defence'

## Distributed Networked Battle Lab Support

#### Supports full lifecycle

- From Concept Development & Experimentation to pre-deployment testing
- From functional testing to CONOPS evaluation
- Federation of NATO and national laboratories
- NATO, government, industry and academia
- Different security classifications



Proposal: NATO CoE cooperation

### **Conclusions**

- IT could be a successful key enabler for operationalization of Comprehensive Approach in CALD Communities and thus countering terrorism;
- Both horizontal & vertical Integration is required for achieving complete synergy of the operationalization of Comprehensive Approach;
- A possible solution for supporting the IT governance challenges in operationalization of Comprehensive Approach and countering terrorism is a distributed Network of Excellence on the bases of DNBL with Bulgarian participation.

## Thank you for the attention!